

SUMMATIVE EVALUATION 1 : 2018-19

STD: VII

SUBJECT : SOCIAL STUDIES

MARKS: 10

[Practical and Oral]

[Marks 5]

**Practical :**

1. Show any two natural regions in the world map. [ Map 6.1] [ Marks:2]  
[ Monsoon region, Hot Desert region, Mountainous region, Mediterranean region, Tundra region, ]
2. Observe the Distribution of annual Average Pressure in the world map [ Map. 4.3] and answer the following questions: [Marks: 3]
  1. Tell the direction of isobars
  2. Camaprision of the isobars in the northern and the southern hemispheres
  3. To tell the places with pressure 1016 millibars.

[ Marks: 5]

**Oral:**

1. Tell any four saints
2. Tell the see forts.
3. Tell the names of Union Territories
4. How did Shivaji Maharaj defeat Afzalkhan?
5. Name the subjects of Concurrent list.

[WRITTEN ]

Q.1. A] Answer the following questions: [Marks: 10]

1. Explain the concept material sources of history and write two examples of it.

Ans: .....

2. How did the Kingdoms of Vijaynagar and Bahamani emerge?

Ans: .....

3. Write the meaning of Vatan?

Ans: .....

4. Why did Shivaji Maharaj pay attention to building a navy?

Ans: .....

5. Write the work of Sant Kabir in brief.

Ans: .....

B. Select the appropriate alternatives: [Marks: 4]

1. Shivaji Maharaj was born at \_\_\_\_\_ fort.

[ Shivneri, Rajgad, Raigad]

2. \_\_\_\_\_ explained the importance of physical fitness to the people.

[ Sant Tukaram, Sant Ramdas, Sant Dnyaneshwar]

3. \_\_\_\_\_ is a sect in Islam.

[ Mahanubhav Panth, Khalsa dal, Sufi Sect]

4. The 'Treaty of Purandar' was signed in \_\_\_\_\_

[ February 1660, April 1663, June 1665]

**Q.2. A. Write a Short Note on : [ Any 1] [ Marks :3]**

1. Chand Bibi      2. Sant Dnyaneshwar

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**B. Find the odd one out : [ Marks: 3]**

1. Monuments, coins, cave sculpture , stories \_\_\_\_\_  
2. Bhurjapatras, temples, treatises, paintings \_\_\_\_\_  
3. Owis, tarikhs, folks tales, myths \_\_\_\_\_

**Q.3. Encircle the proper alternatives: [ Marks 4]**

1. How many members were there in the Constituent Assembly?  
A) 299      B) 395      C) 276
2. Who was the Chairman of the Drafting Committee?  
A) Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar      B) Dr. Rajendra Prasad      C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel
3. Which is the fundamental and the highest law of the land?  
A) Our Constitution      B) Parliament      C) Judiciary
4. When did India get freedom from British?  
A) 26<sup>th</sup> January 1950      B) 15<sup>th</sup> August 1947      C) 26<sup>th</sup> November 1949

**B. Explain the following concepts: [ Any -1] [ Marks: 2]**

1. Equality      2. Election Commission

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**Q. 4. Answer the following questions: [ Marks: 4]**

1. When did the Constituent Assembly enact and adopt the Constitution?

Ans: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. Who is called 'The architect of the Indian Constitution'?

Ans: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

3. With which words does the Preamble begin?

s: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

4. State any four subjects of Concurrent list:

Ans: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q.5.A. Give geographical reasons; [ Marks: 4]

1. In Tundra region we find less settlements.

Because \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. The land breeze blows from land towards the sea at night.

Because: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

B. Write true or False: [Marks: 5]

1. The moon revolves around the sun. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Waves are form due to the force of the wind. \_\_\_\_\_
3. The air pressure decreases with increasing altitude \_\_\_\_\_
4. We should not watch solar eclipse with naked eyes. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Air flows from lower pressure to higher pressure. \_\_\_\_\_

Q. 6. A. Differentiate between: [ Two points each] : [ Marks:6]

1. High tide and Low tide
2. Lunar eclipse and Solar eclipse

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

B. Draw and label the diagram - *The structure of a wave*

[ Marks 5]